

COOLIDGE SAYS SUFFRAGE
SHOULD COME AT ONCE

(Continued from page one)

To expose false doctrine and analyze edictious arguments.

"To a free people the most reactionary experience, short of revolution, is war. In order to organize and conduct military operations, a reversion to an autocratic method of government is absolutely necessary.

"Avarice for power has many reasons for continuing arbitrary action after the cause for which it was granted has been removed. To government of the United States was not established for the continued prosecution, or the venetian preparation, of all its resources for war. It has been and intends to be a nation devoted to the arts of peace.

"Another source of the gravest public concern has been the reactionary tendency to substitute private will for the public will. Instead of inquiring what the law was and then rendering it full obedience, there has been a disposition on the part of some individuals and of groups to in-

quire whether they liked the law, and if not to disregard it, to seek to override it, suspend it, and prevent its execution sometimes by the method of direct action, for the purpose of securing their own selfish ends. The observance of the law is the greatest solvent of public ills.

"If the great conflict has disturbed our political condition it has caused an upheaval in our economic relations. The mounting prices of all sorts of commodities has put a well nigh unbearable burden on every home. Much of this is beyond relief from law, but the forces of the government can and must afford a considerable remedy.

"The most obvious place to begin retrenchment is by eliminating the extravagance of the government itself. In this the Congress has made a commendable beginning, but although the Congress makes the appropriations, the departments make the expenditures, which are not under legislative but executive control. The extravagant standards bred of recent years must be eliminated.

"There has been profiteering. It should be punished because it is wrong. But it is idle to look to such action for relief. This class profit by scarcity, but they do not cause it. As every one knows now, the difficulty is caused by a scarcity of material, an abundance of money, and inefficient production. The government must reduce the amount of money as fast as it can without curtailing necessary credits. Production must be increased. All easy to say but difficult of accomplishment.

"One of the chief hindrances to production is lack of adequate railroad facilities. Transportation must be re-established. A few glaring instances in the past improper management joined with an improper public attitude thereby created, wrought great harm to our railroads. Government operation left them disintegrated, disorganized and demoralized.

"There must be a different public attitude toward industry, a larger comprehension of the interdependence of capital, management, and labor, and better facilities for the prompt and reasonable adjustment of industrial disputes. It is well to remember, too, that high prices produce their own remedy under the law of supply and demand. Already in the worst leather and woolen industries there is a recession in the basic elements which must soon be reflected in retail prices. When buying store prices come down.

"This condition has borne with especial severity on the agricultural interests of the nation. To cope with it the farmers need an enlarged power of organization whereby the larger degree by the high prices paid for his produce by the ultimate consumer, and at the same time decrease the cost of food. The economic strength of a country rests on the farm, industrial activity is dependent upon it. It replenishes the entire life of the nation. Agriculture is entitled to be suitably rewarded and on its encouragement and success will depend the production of a food supply large enough to meet the public needs at reasonable cost.

"But all these difficulties depend for final solution on the character and moral force of the nation. Unless these forces abound and manifest themselves in work done there is no real remedy.

"Equal suffrage for which I have always voted is common. It is not a party question although nearly six-sevenths of the existing legislatures have been Republican. The party stands pledged to use its endeavors to hasten ratification, which I trust will be at once accomplished.

"The foreign relations of our country ought not to be partisan but American. If restored to the limitations of constitutional authority on the one hand, and to the protection of the constitutional rights of our citizens on the other, much of their present difficulty would disappear. There can be no sovereignty without a corresponding duty. It is fundamental that each citizen is entitled to the equal protection of the laws. That goes with his citizenship and abides where he lawfully abides, whether at home or abroad.

"The proposed League of Nations without reservations as submitted by the President to the Senate met with deserved opposition from Republican Senators. To a league in that form, subversive of the traditions and the independence of America, the Republican Party is opposed. But our party by the record of its members in the Senate and by the solemn declaration of its platform, by performance and by promise, among nations to preserve peace, and pledges itself to the making of such an agreement, preserving American independence, and rights, as well meet every duty America owes to humanity. This language is purposely broad, not exclusive but inclusive. The Republican Party is not narrow enough to limit itself to one idea, but wide and broad enough to provide for the adoption of the best plan that can be devised at the time of action. The Senate received a concrete proposition, utterly unacceptable without modifications, which the Republican senators effected by reservations, and so modified twice voted for ratification, which the Democratic administration twice defeated. The platform approves this action of the senators. The Republicans insisted on reservation which limit. The Democratic platform and record permit only of reservations unessential and explanatory.

"We have been taking counsel together concerning the welfare of America. In a free republic a great government is the product of a great people. They will look to themselves rather than government for success. The destiny, the greatness of America lies around the hearthstone.

Walk In

WHY be content merely to join the crowds that are eagerly looking at the Eveready contest picture in our window? Walk in.

Every contestant for a prize needs contest blanks. We have them inside—also detailed information. No obligation. Walk in.

Our different styles of Daylows are usually interesting to everyone. Here's one of them—a strong searchlight type. We have many other types if it would interest you to see them. Walk in.

Just look for this sign which identifies us as Daylo dealers and walk right in.

C. B. CHASE, 94 R. R. St.,
RANDALL & WHITCOMB, Main St.,
St. Johnsbury, Vt.

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Congressman Denounces As "Foolish and Unfounded" Attacks on "Dry" Law

Congressman Porter H. Dale of Island Pond in an exclusive interview with the Caledonian-Record today explained the rulings of the Bureau of Internal Revenue with regard to the enforcement of the Volstead act and denounced as "utterly false and malicious" some of the statements of political candidates who seek to make votes by making "foolish and unfounded" condemnation of the Volstead act.

"Mr. Volstead told me this himself," said Col. Dale, "and now they are trying to defeat this Congressman because they want to punish him for introducing a bill which they think he originated."

Volstead act and never saw until it was presented to him as chairman of the Judiciary committee of the House. "Mr. Volstead told me this himself," said Col. Dale, "and now they are trying to defeat this Congressman because they want to punish him for introducing a bill which they think he originated."

Commissioner Kramer's ruling virtually nullifies the ban on cider and fruit juices. The ruling takes the burden of proof from the shoulders of the persons manufacturing such drink in his own home and forces the government to prove in every separate case that the beverage in question is intoxicating.

In other words, Congressman Dale points out, the government will be called on in each individual case to prove that the drink manufactured by any arrested persons really did intoxicate that person.

"What chance is there for conviction before a Vermont jury?" asks Col. Dale of a man who manufactured and drank in his own home cider or grape wine which may perchance have attained some intoxicating powers?" Col. Dale did not believe the law had any such interpretation as some candidates for office are now seeking to place before the people as facts.

Democratic office holders seek to make votes for their party by too strict interpretation of the Volstead act. This is shown in Commissioner Kramer's ruling as unwarranted.

"The voters of Vermont should not be deluded by the practices of office seekers who would tear down a great law we have on our statute books by false and unwarranted statements," declared Congressman Dale today.

Col. Dale gave the Caledonian-Record the following official ruling of Commissioner Kramer in regard to the manufacture of non-intoxicating cider and fruit juices exclusively for use in the home:

To Federal Prohibition director, supervising agents and others concerned:

Section 29 of Title II of the National Prohibition Act provides that the penalties imposed in the act against the manufacture of liquor without a permit shall not apply to a person for manufacturing non-intoxicating cider and fruit juices exclusively for use in his home, but such cider and fruit juices shall not be sold or delivered except to persons having permits to manufacture vinegar.

The Bureau's interpretation of the foregoing provision is as follows: Any person may, without permit, and without giving bond, manufacture nonintoxicating cider and fruit juices, and in so doing he may take his apples or fruits to a custom mill and have them made into cider and fruit juices. After such non-intoxicating cider and fruit juices are made, they must be used exclusively in the home, and when so used, the phrase "nonintoxicating" means non-intoxicating in fact and not necessarily less than one-half of one per cent of alcohol, as provided in Section 1, of Title II, of the said Act.

Or if the person making such cider and fruit juices desires to do so, he may (1) sell such cider and fruit juices at any time to persons having permits to make vinegar; this he may do under the provisions of said Section 29. (2) If he preserves such cider and fruit juices at the time they are made, he may sell same to the public in general; this he may do under the provisions of Section 4, of Title II, of said Act. (3) Or he may sell said cider and other fruit juices so long as they contain less than one-half of one per cent of alcohol, but the purchasers thereof cannot use or possess the same after they contain more than one-half of one per cent of alcohol; this he may do under the provisions of Sections 1 and 3, of Title II, of said Act.

The cider in the home may be allowed to turn to vinegar if the owner desires, provided he adds no sugar or other fermentable substance to the cider or fruit juices to increase the alcoholic contents thereof, inasmuch as such practice is held to constitute a mash fit for distillation within the provisions of Section 3282 Revised Statutes; he may sell said vinegar to any one who may desire to purchase it; this he may do under the provisions of Section 4, of Title II, of said Act.

This regulation is not intended to cover the commercial use of cider and fruit juices, but merely the use of the same as applied to the home and as provision is made in Section 29 of Title II of said Act.

John F. Kramer, Federal Prohibition Commissioner Approved:

Wm. M. Williams, Commissioner of Internal Revenue. Congressman Dale was a welcome visitor to St. Johnsbury and found many of his friends throughout the day who were gratified at the present outlook for his re-election from the Second district. Col. Dale stated that Representative Andrew J. Volstead of Minnesota never wrote a word or a line of the much-discussed

VERY PRETTY WEDDING AT LYSTER HOME

St. Johnsbury Teacher Weds
Supt. Carl Batchelder
of Cabot

A very pretty wedding took place at 7:30 Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Lyster of St. Johnsbury, when their youngest daughter, Hildred Jane, was united in marriage with Carl J. Batchelder, superintendent of schools of Cabot.

The wedding ceremony was performed before only relatives and immediate friends of the families. The bride party entered the parlor to the strains of Mendelssohn's wedding march, played by Mrs. George W. Pierce, a sister of the groom. They stood under an arch of evergreen while the ceremony was performed by Rev. E. W. Sharpe of St. Johnsbury, the double ring service being used. The bride was given away by her father.

The bride and groom were attended by Miss Eva Russell of Boston, a cousin of the bride, as bridesmaid, and by H. Elmer Batchelder of Montreal, a brother of the groom, as best man. The bride was becomingly gowned in white satin and georgette crepe, with bridal veil and carried a bouquet of bride's roses. The bridesmaid wore salmon colored satin and white georgette crepe and carried sweet peas. Howard Dean, a cousin of the bride, and Little Avis Simpson, acted as ring bearers. The groom's gift to the bride was a solid gold canoe pin, and to the best man, a stick-pin. The bride's gift to her bridesmaid was a brooch.

After the ceremony, a reception was held at which over a hundred refreshments of the couple were present. Refreshments were served in the handsomely decorated dining room. Mrs. Fred Bowman, cousin of the bride, and Mrs. George Pierce, nee Randall, Mrs. O. C. Jones and Fred Bowman served. Miss Erma Pierce was in charge of the most book. The guests were shown the very beautiful and useful gifts of linen, silver, china, cut glass, and more.

The bride is a graduate of St. Johnsbury Academy and of the teachers' training class of the Lyndon State Normal School, a successful teacher in the St. Johnsbury Graded school. She is a very popular and estimable young lady.

The groom is the son of Mr. Belle L. Batchelder. He was educated in Montpelier High school, and in Eastern College and Valparaiso University. After obtaining his degree, Mr. Batchelder taught mathematics at Mercersburg Academy, Mercersburg, Pa., where he was assistant Dean. He resigned his position to assume his present position as superintendent of schools in the Washington County Northeast district. The happy couple eluded their friends at the reception, leaving in Mr. Batchelder's car. The bride's going away train was navy blue trimmed with bat to match. They left on Thursday morning for New York City and will visit many places of interest. Upon their return, they will make their home in Cabot.

Among the friends and relatives of the bride and groom, Mrs. Belle L. Batchelder of Cabot, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Pierce, nee Randall, Mrs. O. C. Jones and Fred Bowman, Paul Lester and Philip Lester, all of Littleton, N. H.

WEST BURKE

Percy Porter of Battleground is visiting relatives and friends here. Mr. and Mrs. Fred Chabot have returned home from Lacombe, N. H. for a month's vacation. Simon Bartlett, grandson of Lem Willey of Boston is visiting him.

The West Burke Young People, under the auspices of the Young People's Sunday school class will present a three act play entitled, "The Camouflage of Shirley," at the Gem Theatre Friday evening, July 30.

Ray Litchfield and little daughter, Margaret, of Worcester, Mass., are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. George Litchfield.

Mr. and Mrs. B. A. Hawley spent Monday in Ironsburg.

Pride Beane has sold his automobile to Mr. Haskill of Sutton.

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express to the friends and neighbors our sincere appreciation of the many kind acts and words of sympathy in our bereavement, also our thanks for the beautiful flowers.

Mrs. Mark Adams and family.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE

ESTATE OF
HENRY J. RICKABY

The undersigned, having been appointed by the Honorable Probate Court for the District of Caledonia, Commissioners, to receive, examine, and adjust the claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Henry J. Rickaby, late of Danville, in said district, deceased, and all claims exhibited in offset thereto, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purpose aforesaid, at the Henry J. Rickaby farm, in the town of Danville, in said district, on the 21st day of August and 8th day of January next, from 10 o'clock a. m. until 4 o'clock p. m., on each of said days and that six months from the 10th day of July, A. D., 1920, is the time limited by said Court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at Danville this 24th day of July, A. D., 1920.

M. E. DAVISON,
WESLEY WARD
July 28-Aug. 4-11 Commissioners.

ESTATE OF
ANTHONY MCCORMICK

STATE OF VERMONT, District of Caledonia, ss.

The Honorable Probate Court for the District aforesaid:

To all persons interested in the estate of Anthony McCormick, late of St. Johnsbury, in said District, deceased, GREETING:

Whereas, said Court has assigned the 17th day of August next for examining and allowing the account of the Administrator of the estate of said deceased and for a decree of the residue of said estate to the lawful claimants of the same, and ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested in said estate by publishing this order three weeks successively previous to the day assigned, in the Caledonian, a newspaper published in St. Johnsbury, in said District.

Therefore, you are hereby notified to appear at the Probate Office in St. Johnsbury in said district, on the day assigned, then and there to contest the allowance of said account if you see cause, and to establish your right as heirs, legatees and lawful claimants to said residue.

Given under my hand, this 27th day of July, A. D., 1920.

WALTER W. WESLEY, Judge.
Jul. 28-Aug. 4-11.

ESTATE OF FRANK J. RANDALL

STATE OF VERMONT, District of Caledonia, ss.

The Honorable Probate Court for the District aforesaid:

To all persons interested in the estate of Frank J. Randall, late of Barre, in said District, deceased, GREETING:

Whereas, said Court has assigned the 16th day of August next for examining and allowing the account of the Executor of the estate of said deceased and for a decree of the residue of said estate to the lawful claimants of the same, and ordered that public notice thereof be given to all persons interested in said estate by publishing this order three weeks successively previous to the day assigned, in the Caledonian, a newspaper published at St. Johnsbury, in said District.

Therefore, you are hereby notified to appear at the Probate Office in St. Johnsbury in said District, on the day assigned, then and there to contest the allowance of said account if you see cause, and to establish your right as heirs, legatees and lawful claimants to said residue.

Given under my hand, this 23d day of July, A. D., 1920.

Walter W. Wesley, Judge.
July 28-Aug. 4-11

WANTED—Girl or middle-aged woman to do general housework. Must be good, plain cook. Small family with not over three, most of the time two. All modern conveniences. No washing. Will pay \$65.00 a month. Address, Mrs. George A. Tenney, 159 Broad Street, Claremont, N. H.

Wk July 28—Aug. 4-11.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE

ESTATE OF
MARY EVA BLOSSOM

The undersigned, having been appointed by the Honorable Probate Court for the District of Caledonia, Commissioners, to receive, examine, and adjust the claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Mary Eva Blossom, late of St. Johnsbury, in said District, deceased, and all claims exhibited in offset thereto, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purpose aforesaid, at the law office of Guy W. Hill, in the town of St. Johnsbury, in said District, on the 20th day of August and the 20th day of January next, from 10 o'clock a. m. until 4 o'clock p. m., on each of said days, and that six months from the 20th day of July, A. D., 1920, is the time limited by said Court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at St. Johnsbury this 22nd day of July, A. D., 1920.

GUY W. HILL,
LOUIS N. SMYTHE,
Jul 28 Aug 4-11 Commissioners.

ESTATE OF
PERSIS LEBBOURVEAU

The undersigned, having been appointed by the Honorable Probate Court for the District of Caledonia, Commissioners, to receive, examine, and adjust the claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Persis Lebbourveau, late of St. Johnsbury, in said District, deceased, and all claims exhibited in offset thereto, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purpose aforesaid, at the office of G. C. Frye, in St. Johnsbury in the County of Caledonia, in said District, on the 15th day of July and 15th day of November next, from 10 o'clock a. m., until 5

o'clock p. m., on each of said days and that six months from the 28th day of May, A. D., 1920, is the time limited by said Court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at St. Johnsbury, this 14th day of June, A. D., 1920.

G. C. FRYE,
C. F. HOYNTON,
July 14-21-28 Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE

ESTATE OF HELEN HURD

The undersigned, having been appointed by the Honorable Probate Court for the District of Caledonia, Commissioners, to receive, examine, and adjust the claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Helen Hurd, late of St. Johnsbury in said District, deceased, and all claims exhibited in offset thereto, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purpose aforesaid, at the Store of B. A. Farnham, in the town of St. Johnsbury, in said District, on the 13th day of July and 30th day of December next, from 10 o'clock a. m. until 4 o'clock p. m., on each of said days, and that six months from the 30th day of June, A. D., 1920, is the time limited by said Court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at St. Johnsbury this 8th day of July, A. D., 1920.

BERT A. FARNHAM,
OLIN SARGENT,
July 14-21-28 Commissioners.

COMMISSIONERS' NOTICE

ESTATE OF CURTIS T. BRIGHAM

The undersigned, having been appointed by the Honorable Probate Court for the District of Caledonia, Commissioners, to receive, examine, and adjust the claims and demands of all persons against the estate of Curtis T. Brigham, late of St. Johnsbury, in said District, deceased, and all claims exhibited in offset thereto, hereby give notice that we will meet for the purpose aforesaid, at the residence of J. C. Danforth, 15 Mt. Pleasant street, in the Village of St. Johnsbury, in said District, on the 30th day of July and 30th day of December next, from 10 o'clock a. m., until 3 o'clock p. m., on each of said days, and that six months from the 12th day of July, A. D., 1920, is the time limited by said Court for said creditors to present their claims to us for examination and allowance.

Dated at St. Johnsbury, this 15th day of July, A. D., 1920.

SIMON D. ATWOOD,
JOHN C. DANFORTH,
July 14-21-28 Commissioners.

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Dated at St. Johnsbury, this 14th day of June, A. D., 1920.

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C. F. HOYNTON,
July 14-21-28 Commissioners.

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